# The lunar cycle

Outstanding Science Year 5 - Earth and space - OS5D004

#### Learning Objective



## I can explain how the Moon's appearance appears to change when viewed from the Earth.

Teacher:



### The lunar cycle

The Moon is not a light source. It does not create its own light. We can only see the Moon because it reflects light from the Sun. At any one time, half of the Moon is being lit by the Sun, and half of it is in darkness. As the Moon orbits the Earth, we can see all, some, or none of the side of the Moon which is being lit by the Sun at that time. This causes the Moon's appearance to change, as viewed from the Earth. We call this change in appearance the **phases of the Moon**. National Curriculum Statutory Requirements 5D2 - describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth

We use the words 'waxing' (getting bigger) and 'waning' (getting smaller) in our descriptions of the phases of the Moon. The Moon takes approximately 30 days to complete its orbit around the Earth, after which the lunar cycle repeats itself.

### Activity

On the following page, you will find a diagram showing the lunar cycle. It shows the Moon at eight different points in its orbit around the Earth. Use a black pencil to colour in the half of the Moon which is not being lit by the Sun at the eight different points. Next, cut out the pictures and descriptions of the phases of the Moon. Carefully add them to the diagram, matching each phase to how the Moon appears from Earth at each point in its orbit.

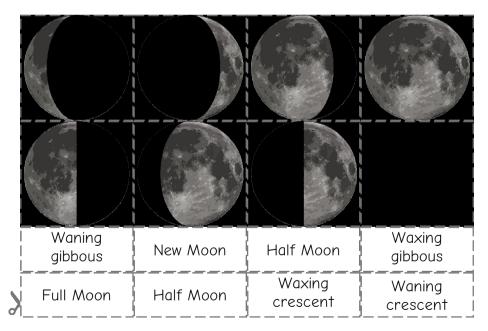


| New Moon       | Waxing          | Half Moon          | Waxing gibbous    | Full Moon       | Waning gibbous    | Half Moon          | Waning          |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| We cannot see  | crescent        | We can see half    | We can see        | We can see all  | We can see        | We can see half    | crescent        |
| any of the lit | We can see a    | of the lit side of | almost all of the | of the side of  | almost all of the | of the lit side of | We can see a    |
| side of the    | small sliver of | the Moon.          | lit side of the   | the Moon lit by | lit side of the   | the Moon.          | small sliver of |
| Moon.          | light.          |                    | Moon.             | the Sun.        | Moon.             |                    | light.          |



| The lunar cycle (not to scale)                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The Moon's<br>appearance<br>as viewed<br>from the |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Earth   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Waning<br>gibbous | New Moon  | Half Moon          | Waxing<br>gibbous  |
|-------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Full Moon         | Half Moon | Waxing<br>crescent | Waning<br>crescent |



Teacher's note: there are enough text and images on this page for 4 children, to save on printing and photocopying resources.

